

Electrical specifications

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Order information | |
| type | CMS-BS100 |
| cat.no | 15963.2 |
| Input data | |
| input type is selected via jumpers | |
| 4 Multifunctional analog/dig. Inputs | 0..1V / 0..10V / 0(4)..20mA / RTD / 24VDC(14..30V) |
| input resistance (U) | 40K2 Ohm |
| input resistance (I) | 100 Ohm |
| accuracy (U/I) | 10mV/20uA |
| configuration resistor (PT/ NI1000) | Resistor type: Plug-in(Rt) 18K2-0.1% (not included), Temp. range -20°C .. 140°C |
| RTD standard (PT1000 / NI1000) | EN60751/DIN 43760 |
| accuracy (PT1000 / NI1000) | 0,5°C |
| RTD current (PT1000 / NI1000) | 0.52mA |
| digital input min puls width | 500us |
| digital input HI / LO status | >14VDC / <4VDC |
| Output data | |
| output type is selected via jumpers | |
| 2 analog/dig. outputs | jumper selectable |
| analog output | 0..10V DC or 0(4)..20mA, short-circuit and overvoltage (24Vac/dc) protected |
| analog output load | U: > 1kOhm I: < 500Ohm |
| offset U/I | < 10mV / 20uA |
| digital output | Optocoupler transistor output |
| digital output current | 100mA continiuous collector current |
| digital output voltage | 5..40VDC |
| General data | |
| configuration information | CMS-BS100 manual |
| power supply voltage | 24V DC ±20% |
| current consumption | Approx. 25mA |
| conversion error | <1% FSR, <0.5% when calibrated on requested range(U, I or RTD) |
| response time (analog / digital) | 10ms / 60us + minimal pulse width |
| temperature coefficient | < 0,02% /K |
| operating temperature range | -20°C...50°C |
| CE marking | Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2006/95/EC, according requirements of EN 50178 EMC Directive 2004/108/EC, according requirements of EN 55011 and EN 61326-1 |
| dimensions (l x w x h) on TS35x7,5 | 99 x 17,5 x 114,5mm |
| conductor cross section | 0,2 - 2,5 mm² |
| connection system | screw clamp |
| insulation stripping length | 7 mm |

Manual



The CMS-BS100 is a multi-functional signal converter with multiple inputs and outputs. Analog voltage-, current-, RTD- and digital signals can be converted to analog or digital outputs. Several common conversion functions are already included, e.g.

- analog inverter(s)
- 1 input to 2 separate outputs
- 2 inputs to 1 output (highest or lowest input)
- 2 inputs to 1 output (difference between inputs)
- RTD (NI1000, PT1000) to analog output(s)
- Potentiometer(s) to analog output(s)
- up/down (2 digital inputs) to 1 analog output, with selectable ramp from 5sec to 30min.
- if analog input1>2 then digital output1 on
- if analog input3>4 then digital output2 on
- pulse stretcher(s)

Furthermore, this module is especially suited for customer-specific applications. Due to its number of inputs and outputs it can be programmed to measure the inputs and control the outputs in any way or function the customer desires. Even for very low volumes, special programming can be very interesting for you!

Features:

- 4 Multifunctional analog/digital inputs
- 2 Multifunctional analog/digital outputs
- several conversion functions included
- especially suited for customer-specific applications
- Input range and output range selectable via DIP switches

Configuration



To open the module press the locking levers under the terminals with a screwdriver.

The module is configured by setting the dip-switches and jumpers according to this manual.

Connecting the module

The pin configuration for I/O and power connection is shown on the top of the module. The green Led on top indicates Power ON.

Input configuration

The CMS-BS100 has 4 multifunctional inputs which can be configured for measuring voltage, current, RTD and to detect digital signals. To configure the inputs a series of jumpers and/or additional resistors(not included) have to be set according to the text on the PCB.

The inputs must be set as follows:

- Uin: jumper on U, resolution: jumper on 2.5V, no resistor placed
- Iin: jumper on I, resolution: jumper on 2.5V, no resistor placed
- RTD: no jumper on input, resolution: jumper on 1V, resistor 18K2 0.1% placed
- Digital in: jumper on U, resolution: jumper on 2.5V, no resistor placed

In the example drawing input1 is set to measure Voltage and input2 to measure current.

Output configuration

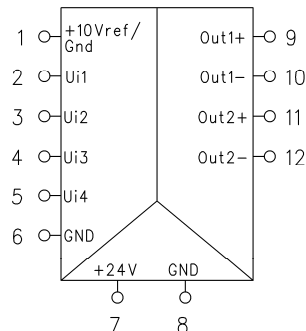
The CMS-BS100 has 2 multifunctional outputs which can be configured to output voltage, current and digital signals. To configure the outputs a series of jumpers have to be set according to the text on the PCB.

The outputs must be set as follows:

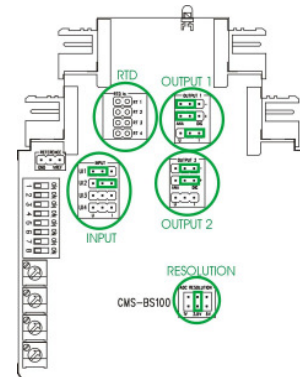
- Uout: jumper on U, 2 jumpers on ANA
- Iout: jumper on I, 2 jumpers on ANA
- Digital out: no jumper on U/I, 2 jumpers on DIG

In the configuration example output1 is set to output current and output2 to output digital signals.

Connection diagram



Configuration example



Function: splitter

Input1 is forwarded to both output1 and output2. This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| off | off | off | off |

Select the input range:

| DIP5 | DIP6 | value |
|------|------|------------------|
| off | off | 0..10V / 0..20mA |
| off | on | 0..5V / 0..10mA |
| on | off | 2..10V / 4..20mA |
| on | on | 1..5V / 2..10mA |

Select the output range:

| DIP7 | DIP8 | value |
|------|------|------------------|
| off | off | 0..10V / 0..20mA |
| off | on | 0..5V / 0..10mA |
| on | off | 2..10V / 4..20mA |
| on | on | 1..5V / 2..10mA |

Function: inverter

The value from input1 and/or input2 is forwarded inverted to resp. output1 and/or output2. This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

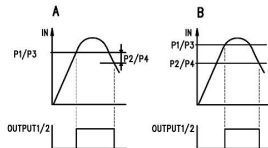
| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| off | off | off | on |

Select the input range:

| input1 | | input2 | | value |
|--------|------|--------|------|------------------|
| DIP5 | DIP6 | DIP7 | DIP8 | |
| off | off | off | off | 0..10V / 0..20mA |
| off | on | off | on | 0..5V / 0..10mA |
| on | off | on | off | 2..10V / 4..20mA |
| on | on | on | on | 1..5V / 2..10mA |

Function: optocoupler out

The optocoupler out function behaves as shown in the switching diagram. Potentiometer P1 and P2 represent the threshold for input1, potentiometer P3 and P4 represent the threshold for input2. Input1 switches output1 and input2 switches output2.



A: output1/2 switches on when value P1/P3 is reached. The output1/2 switches off when value P1 - P2 / P3 - P4 is reached.

B: output1/2 switches on when value P1/P3 is reached. The relays switches off when value P2/P4 is reached.

All potentiometers represent a percentage from the selected input value. Full left turn is 0% and full right turn is 100%.

This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| off | off | on | off |

Select the input range:

| DIP5 input1 | DIP6 input2 | value |
|-------------|-------------|------------------|
| off | off | 0..10V / 0..20mA |
| on | on | 0..5V / 0..10mA |

Select the switching behaviour:

| DIP7 output1 | DIP8 output2 | value |
|--------------|--------------|-------|
| off | off | A |
| on | on | B |

Function: RTD

The RTD function forwards a temperature range from -20..140°C to the selected output range, input1 to output1 and input2 to output2. This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| off | off | on | on |

Select the input RTD:

| DIP5 input1 | DIP6 input2 | RTD |
|-------------|-------------|--------|
| off | off | NI1000 |
| on | on | PT1000 |

Select the output range:

| DIP7 output1 | DIP8 output2 | value |
|--------------|--------------|------------------|
| off | off | 0..10V / 0..20mA |
| on | on | 2..10V / 4..20mA |

Function: digital in to digital out

Digital input1 and input2 will be forwarded to resp. output1 and output2.

This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

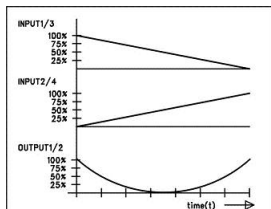
| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| on | off | off | off |

Select the output type:

| output1 | | output2 | | value |
|---------|------|---------|------|--------------|
| DIP5 | DIP6 | DIP7 | DIP8 | |
| off | off | off | off | not inverted |
| off | on | off | on | inverted |

Function: absolute differential

The absolute differential between input 1 and 2 and/or input 3 and 4 will be forwarded to resp. output1 and output2.



This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

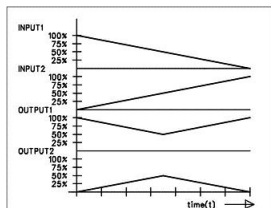
| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| off | on | off | off |

Select the input range:

| input1 | | input2 | | value |
|--------|------|--------|------|------------------|
| DIP5 | DIP6 | DIP7 | DIP8 | |
| off | off | off | off | 0..10V / 0..20mA |

Function: highest / lowest value

The highest / lowest value between input 1 and 2 and/or input 3 and 4 will be forwarded to resp. output1 and output2.



This highest value is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| off | on | off | on |

This lowest value is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

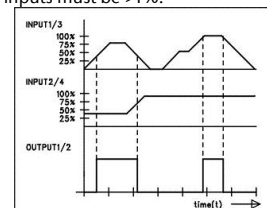
| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| off | on | on | off |

Select the input range:

| input1 | | input2 | | value |
|--------|------|--------|------|------------------|
| DIP5 | DIP6 | DIP7 | DIP8 | |
| off | off | off | off | 0..10V / 0..20mA |

Function: analog to digital differential

Digital output1 switches when input1 > input2, output2 switches when input3 > input4. The difference between the inputs must be >1%.



This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| off | on | on | on |

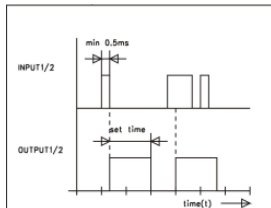
Select the input range:

| input1 | | input2 | | value |
|--------|------|--------|------|------------------|
| DIP5 | DIP6 | DIP7 | DIP8 | |
| off | off | off | off | 0..10V / 0..20mA |
| off | on | off | on | NH1000 |
| on | off | on | off | PT1000 |

Note: due to different resolutions this function cannot combine U/I in with RTD in. When RTD is selected for input1/2, input3/4 must also be set as RTD.

Function: pulse stretcher

A pulse > 0.5ms on digital input1 and/or digital input2 stretches resp. digital output1 and/or digital output2.



This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

| DIP1 | DIP2 | DIP3 | DIP4 |
|------|------|------|------|
| on | off | off | on |

Select the output time:

| output1 | | output2 | | value |
|---------|------|---------|------|---------|
| DIP5 | DIP6 | DIP7 | DIP8 | |
| off | off | off | off | 0.5 sec |
| off | on | off | on | 1.0 sec |
| on | off | on | off | 1.5 sec |
| on | on | on | on | 2.0 sec |

Function: up / down digital input

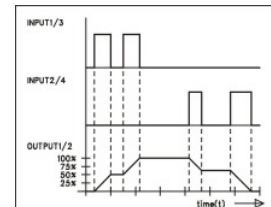
A pulse > 0.5ms on digital input1 or digital input3 increases resp. analog output1 and/or analog output2 with a selected rise/fall time.

A pulse > 0.5ms on digital input2 or digital input4 decreases resp. analog output1 and/or analog output2 with a selected rise/fall time.

The minimum and maximum value for the output values can be selected with P1 and P2 for output1, P3 and P4 for output2.

This function is selected by setting the dipswitches as shown below.

| DIP1 | DIP2 |
|------|------|
| on | on |



Select the rise/fall time:

| output1 P1 to P2 | | | output2 P3 to P4 | | | value |
|------------------|------|------|------------------|------|------|-------|
| DIP3 | DIP4 | DIP5 | DIP6 | DIP7 | DIP8 | |
| off | off | off | off | off | off | 5sec |
| off | off | on | off | off | on | 10sec |
| off | on | off | off | on | off | 30sec |
| off | on | on | off | on | on | 1min |
| on | off | off | on | off | off | 3min |
| on | off | on | on | off | on | 5min |
| on | on | off | on | on | off | 10min |
| on | on | on | on | on | on | 30min |